



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
2000 NAVY PENTAGON
WASHINGTON, DC 20350-2000

OPNAVINST 3110.18U
N4
2 Feb 2015

OPNAV INSTRUCTION 3110.18U

From: Chief of Naval Operations

Subj: NAVY TARGET PROGRAM AND ALLOCATION PROCESS

Ref: (a) COMNAVAIRFORINST 3500.1D
(b) COMUSFLTFORCOM/COMPACFLTINST 3501.3
(c) NAVYIPOINST 4920.2
(d) Defense Security Cooperation Agency (DSCA) Manual
(M)-5105.38, Security Assistance Management, 30
April 2012
(e) VCNO, Assistant Commandant of the Marine Corps, and
ASN (RDA) Joint Letter 5000 Ser N09/9U103026 of
28 July 2009 (NOTAL)
(f) OPNAVINST 4000.79B

Encl: (1) All Weapons Information System (AWIS) Instruction for
International Programs and Foreign Military
Sales (FMS) Reporting Requirements
(2) Sample Target Allocation Message

1. Purpose

a. To define the Navy's Target Program roles and responsibilities.

b. To establish new guidelines for target requirement submissions, requirement validation and allocation processes.

c. This update provides a revised process to develop the program objective memorandum, out year planning, and target inventory management. This instruction is a complete revision and should be reviewed in its entirety.

2. Cancellation. OPNAVINST 3110.18T.

3. Scope and Applicability. This instruction is applicable to all U.S. Navy activities requiring program of record (POR) or resourced targets as required by references (a) and (b), and for support to fleet training, test and evaluation (T&E), and international programs per references (c) and (d).

4. Responsibilities. The target program must be consistent with the Chief of Naval Operations' (CNO) goal of reduced total ownership costs (TOC) defined in reference (e). All organizations (table 1) involved in target life-cycle management shall implement a meticulous requirements assessment and allocation process to ensure proper use of finite target inventories. Target survivability and or substitution procedures that seek to reduce expenditures and costs shall be employed. The Office of the Chief of Naval Operations (OPNAV) resource sponsor is responsible for TOC accountability and shall collect and analyze target employment and expenditure data to align resource planning to life cycle management and projected inventory expenditure requirements. All organizations involved in target development, procurement, management and usage shall assist the resource sponsor in this effort.

Organization	Responsibility
Resource Sponsor: Director, Warfare Systems (CNO N9)	Resource
Requirements Sponsor: Director, Fleet Readiness (OPNAV N43)	Validate/ Allocate
T&E Requirements Coordinator: Director, Innovation, Technology Requirements and T&E (OPNAV N84)	Validate T/E Requirements
Stakeholder: Commander, Fleet Forces Command (COMFLTFORCOM), Norfolk VA Commander, Operational Test and Evaluation Force (COMOPTEVFOR), Norfolk VA Commander, Naval Air Systems Command (COMNAVAIRSYSCOM), Patuxent River MD Commander, Naval Sea Systems Command (COMNAVSEASYSKOM), Washington DC	Prioritize/ Authorize
Claimant: COMFLTFORCOM COMOPTEVFOR Commander, U.S. Pacific Fleet (COMUSPACFLT), Pearl Harbor HI COMNAVAIRSYSCOM COMNAVSEASYSKOM	Generate Target Requirements/ Manage Allocations

Target Program Offices: Aerial Target and Decoy Systems Program Office (PMA-208) Support Ships, Boats, Craft Program Office (PMS-325) Undersea Weapons Program Office (PMS-404) Mine Warfare Program Office (PMS-495)	Acquisition/ Program Management
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Table 1: Navy Target Program Organizational Responsibilities

a. Resource Sponsor. CNO N9 is the resource sponsor for targets and associated sub-systems. As such, the appropriate CNO N9 codes are responsible, along with Navy T&E infrastructure (OPNAV N84), for ensuring an effective and balanced targets program within assigned fiscal controls.

(1) Program resources for projected target procurements aligned to validated out-year requirements and life-cycle management through the Future Years Defense Plan (FYDP) for POR aerial, surface, subsurface, and mine targets.

(2) Provide guidance and resources for new target system development, existing target upgrades, and all associated target support equipment and manpower.

b. Requirements Sponsor. OPNAV N43 shall:

(1) Chair the annual Target Stakeholders Review prior to the following fiscal year (FY) with a focus on policy review, annual allocation projections, and out-year resource funding requirements to develop FYDP target inventory requirements to support the CNO N9 resource allocation decisions in programming.

(2) Support the program manager (PM) led annual target requirement advisory groups:

- (a) Aerial Targets Requirements Advisory Group.
- (b) Surface Targets Requirements Advisory Group.
- (c) Undersea Targets Requirements Advisory Group.
- (d) Mine Targets Requirements Advisory Group.

- (3) Review and validate all fleet training target requirements.
- (4) Publish the annual targets allocation message.
- (5) Track target inventory and expenditures.
- (6) Provide guidance and validation for target system development.
- (7) Review and approve target related noncombat expenditure allocation (NCEA) proposals.
- (8) Validate and recommend new target operating sites.

c. T&E Requirements Coordinator. OPNAV N84 shall:

(1) Review and approve T&E master plans and test plans of combat and weapons system acquisition programs to validate target support requirements.

(2) Review and validate all test target requirements from COMNAVSEASYS COM, COMNAVAIRSYS COM, and COMOPTEVOR by type and quantity to support test events including developmental test, operational test, integrated test, follow-on T&E, operational evaluation, quick reaction assessments, and urgent operational need statements.

(3) Identify new T&E target capability requirements.

(4) For new T&E targets, draft and coordinate staffing of new program capability development documents and Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System documents.

d. Stakeholders. Stakeholders are commands authorized to propose target development requirements and validate claimant target requests for allocation consideration. Stakeholders shall:

(1) Collect, review, and approve all target allocation requests.

(2) Ensure target events support fleet training requirements delineated in references (a) or (b), or T&E requirements delineated in program T&E master plan.

e. Claimants. Target allocations are provided to claimants to support validated fleet training requirements and approved T&E events. Claimants may sub-allocate targets to programs under their control or responsibility. Target allocations in support of international programs are a subset of each claimant's allocation but are tracked separately. International programs include foreign military sales (FMS) and cooperative programs. References (c) and (d) define unique requirements of those particular programs. References (a) and (b) detail respective claimants target programs. Claimants shall:

(1) Submit abbreviated target expenditure reports (date of event, target expended, platform supported and event type) via e-mail to OPNAV N43.

(2) Manage their target usage within their allocation and shall not exceed their allocation without prior approval.

(3) Collect international target requests and submit through appropriate stakeholder.

f. Target Program Offices. Target program offices shall:

(1) Provide acquisition and manage life-cycle support for resourced targets (see table 2) and associated equipment, new target developments, and for target command and control systems.

(2) Participate in the development of resourcing requirement documents in support of the target resource sponsor's sponsor program proposal submission.

(3) Submit monthly allocation and expenditure reports to OPNAV N43. Mine target expenditures are reported via the Ordnance Information System.

(4) Chair their respective target communities' annual user and requirement advisory groups with OPNAV N43 participation. The requirement advisory group's primary focus is to provide target program updates, assign and resolve program

challenges, review inventory status, and report out-year target requests. Community working group lead responsibilities are as follows:

- (a) PMA-208: aerial targets
- (b) PMS-325: surface targets
- (c) PMS-404: undersea targets
- (d) PMS-495: mine targets

g. Target Operating Activities. Responsible for providing direct support to target customers, target operating activities shall:

(1) Coordinate with claimants to support resource sponsor guidance and best practices for target preservation including augmentation systems, scenario substitutions, and recovery techniques. Sites shall ensure maximum recovery of targets to include, but not limited to:

(a) Schedule and conduct operations during times conducive to recovery.

(b) Mine target users are responsible to the hosting training range or target custodian to coordinate recovery of mine targets before dedicated training fields are seeded. Failure to recover applicable mine fields will impact target inventory availability and future allocations.

(2) Generate appropriate reports for All Weapons Inventory System (AWIS), Seaborne Targets Activity and Inventory System (STAIRS), and OPNAV N43 specific requests for information.

5. Targets Allocation Process

a. Target Requests. To optimize limited fiscal resources, Navy POR targets are procured in sufficient quantities to maintain a minimum base-load level capable of supporting out-year validated requirements. Target procurements are resourced to support only validated test or training requirements using the process depicted in figure 1. Inventory levels are

developed from claimant target support requests proposed at annual community working groups and then vetted by target stakeholders at the annual Target Stakeholders Review. Target requests for the FY are submitted to OPNAV N43 using the formalized process detailed above. Annual FY requests are essential to allocation management and identification of inventory shortfalls. Validated requirements supported by high demand or low inventory targets may be subject to prioritization by an OPNAV-led working group and supported by claimants. Mine target and target related NCEA are developed through the annual testing and training requirements process per Commander, Naval Supply Systems Command (COMNAVSUPSYSCOM) Global Logistics System (GLS) Publication 724.

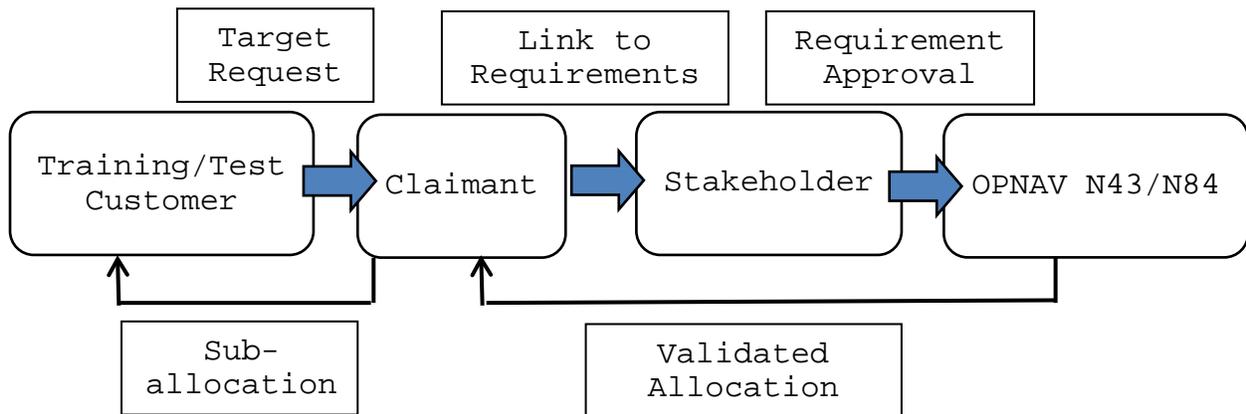


Figure 1: Target Allocation Process

(1) Emergent Request. An emergent request is a request for target support after release of the current year allocation message. Validated emergent requests are supported only when sufficient inventory exists or a stakeholder reprioritizes previous annual allocations.

(2) Non-claimant Request. Target support requests from an outside agency such as Office of Naval Research or other Services shall be submitted via e-mail to OPNAV N43. These requests will be considered subsequent to fulfillment of the claimant target requests, assuming sufficient inventory supports the unplanned expenditures.

(3) International Cooperative Program and FMS Requests. Target support to international customers is unique as requesting countries are not Navy Enterprise participants; therefore, monetary reimbursement must be made. This is not

applicable for mine target assets used during bilateral or multinational U.S. fleet exercises that have participation by foreign military forces, as the U.S. fleet will already be allocated mines through the NCEA process. Specifically:

(a) An allocation for a foreign military user will be made through the appropriate stakeholder or claimant.

(b) Prior to FMS sub-allocation, claimants shall coordinate with the respective PM to ensure adequate FMS case funds are available and approved through the respective program office.

(c) PMS will acknowledge approval with case designator or program agreement confirmation.

(d) Multi-year FMS allocation projections are allocated on an annual basis.

(e) In addition to AWIS and STAIRS reporting requirements specified in enclosure (1), events in support of international program shall:

1. Include customer country and a case designator for FMS, or customer country and program agreement for cooperative programs.

2. Notify OPNAV N43 and appropriate PM of all FMS expenditures, repairs and damages to FMS targets.

3. Customer country assumes all financial risk per references (c) and (d), and the Arms Export Control Act.

(4) U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) Requests. Target requests, validation, and allocation for USCG events shall be submitted to OPNAV N43 via COMNAVSEASYS COM or COMNAVAIRSYS COM per reference (f).

(5) Other Services Requests. Other Services may request targets via OPNAV N43. Reimbursement shall be either monetary or in-kind.

b. Target Allocation

(1) Target allocations are transmitted via message prior to the new FY. Enclosure (2) is a sample of the OPNAV N43 allocation message. OPNAV allocated targets are listed in table 2. Mine and expendable undersea warfare targets are allocated via the NCEA process per COMNAVSUPSYSCOM GLS Publication 724. Moving land targets, humannequins and polyethylene towed targets are assigned to the various ranges and sites and shall be managed by those sites to meet local fleet requirements.

(2) Allocations are valid for one FY. Unused allocations will not rollover to the following FY.

(3) Emergent requirements during an allocation year must be coordinated with OPNAV N43. Any additional allocations made during allocation year will be competed against original validated requirements unless directed by higher authority. Significant changes to the annual allocation message will be transmitted in a mid-year allocation message.

OPNAV Allocated Targets		Name
Aerial		
Subsonic	*BQM-34	Firebee
	*BQM-74	Chukar
	BQM-177 subsonic aerial target	None
Supersonic	*AQM-37	Typhoon
	GQM-163 supersonic sea skimming target	Coyote
	GQM-173 multi-stage supersonic target	None
Full Scale	*QF-4	None
	QF-16	None
Seaborne		
Powered	Fast attack craft target	FACT
	High speed maneuvering surface target	HSMST
	*QST-35	SEPTAR
	Ship deployable surface target	SDST
Towed	Intermediate surface towed target	ISTT
	Low cost modular target	LCMT
	Low cost towed target	LCTT
	Polyethylene towed target	PETT
Non-POR	12' dense-foam target	SPAR
Non-POR	Catamaran target (variants)	CAT
Anti-Submarine Warfare (ASW)		
Undersea	**MK-39 expendable mobile ASW training target	EMATT

Key: *out of production **allocated via NCEA process

Table 2: Allocated Targets

c. Target Related Terms and Definitions

(1) Expenditure Allocation. Abbreviated as allocation. The quantity and type of targets a claimant is authorized to destroy or put at risk during an FY. Expenditure allocations are valid for the current FY in which they are allocated.

(2) Event. The two types of events are:

(a) Non-firing Event. A tracking event where there is no intent for the target to be fired upon. An allocation is not required for tracking or manned events, i.e., a manned HSMST. Notification shall be provided to OPNAV N43 for large scale tracking and manned events.

(b) Firing Event. Any expenditure of ordnance against a target.

(3) Expenditure. Targets that have been removed from active inventory. There are three types of expenditures:

(a) Hit and Kill. A target rendered inoperable by a weapon system. Hit and kill expenditures are charged to the customer's allocation.

(b) Operational Expenditure. Single-use or damaged or unrecovered reusable target not hit by ordnance while supporting an authorized operation. Operational expenditures are charged to the customer's allocation.

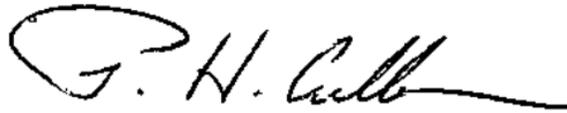
(c) Administrative Expenditure. A target determined to be unusable prior to or after operational phase of an event, but not as the result of any single operation. Administrative expenditures are not charged to the customer.

(4) Operation. Use of any target for a presentation to a weapon system; aircraft; ship(s), crafts, or boats; or land-based facilities, or for maintenance, special testing of the target, and or target operator training.

(5) Presentation. A presentation occurs when a target is in position to be engaged and tracked by an individual ship, aircraft, or combat and weapon system. A presentation is user centric, thus each target being exposed to multiple shooters and trackers would accrue multiple presentations.

6. Records Management. Records created as a result of this instruction, regardless of media and format, shall be managed per Secretary of the Navy (SECNAV) Manual (M)-5210.1 of January 2012.

7. Reports Control. Reporting requirements contained within this instruction are exempt from reports control per SECNAV M-5214.1, part IV, subparagraph 7k, of December 2005.



P. H. CULLOM
Deputy Chief of Naval Operations
(Fleet Readiness and Logistics)

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ALL WEAPONS INFORMATION SYSTEM (AWIS) INSTRUCTION FOR
INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS AND FOREIGN MILITARY SALES (FMS)
REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Note: All blocks in AWIS are important and should not be skipped. This guidance singles-out user entry blocks that enhance the reporting processes for entering unique details in the target performance report at the field level for FMS cases.

FMS Block and Comments

1. BLOCK 4: Ensure correct activity is selected.
2. BLOCK 8: Selecting this block will also provide user with correct target serial number. When there are multiple targets narrowing the target down to serial number is important.
3. BLOCK 14: Reference (OPNAVINST 3110.18U) classifies stakeholders and claimants for roles associated with the target event. Stakeholders need to be properly identified to ensure their target requirement is validated.
4. BLOCK 15: Target Event. More than one box can be selected. If a command is conducting an operation that is designated as "FMS," ensure the "FMS" block is selected. When conducting an operation with multiple events, select "all" that apply. Failure to select "FMS" for international cooperative and FMS programs will result in inaccurate expenditure analysis efforts and potential charging of expenditures to the incorrect stakeholder or claimant.
5. BLOCK 19: When entering data in this block for international cooperative and FMS cases, ensure entry of all relevant information regarding the operation for use in target operation analysis. List ship, country, and case designator. This block may serve as a historic recording of details necessary to appropriately charge international customers. This block must remain unclassified.

SAMPLE TARGET ALLOCATION MESSAGE

DTG 261747ZZ SEP 14
FM CNO WASHINGTON DC//433/N433C/N433C1/N433C2/N433C3//
TO [LIST truncated}
BT//

UNCLASS//N03110

MSGID/GENADMIN/CNO WASHINGTON DC//N433C//

SUBJ/FYXX TARGETS ALLOCATION//

REF/A/INST.3110.18U/OPNAV N43//

REF/B/COTF TARGET QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

POC/N433/703-695-9161//

POC/N433/703-695-5623//

POC/PMA-208/301-757-8711//

RMKS/

1. IAW REF (A) TARGET ALLOCATIONS SERVE AS AUTHORIZATION TO PUT THE PRESCRIBED TARGET AT RISK OF DESTRUCTION. REVISIONS TO THIS ALLOCATION WILL BE HANDLED ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS BY N433. TARGET PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS CAN BE FOUND IN REF (B).

2. DUE TO LIMITED HSMST INVENTORIES, FY-XX T&E ALLOCATIONS SHALL BE ALLOCATED ON A QUARTERLY BASIS. THE QUARTERLY ALLOCATION WILL FOCUS ON PRIORITIZING URGENT OPERATIONAL (UON) REQUIREMENTS, LITTORAL COMBAT SHIP (LCS) REQUIREMENTS, AND OTHER HIGH PRIORITY TEST AND EVALUATION EVENTS AMONG CLAIMANTS.

3. TARGET INVENTORIES OF ALL TYPES REMAIN CLOSELY MONITORED AND MANAGED AT CRITICAL LEVELS. USERS WILL MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO LIMIT DESTRUCTION AND CEASE FIRE ONCE TEST/TRAINING OBJECTIVES ARE MET. CLAIMANTS ARE ENCOURAGED TO USE BQM-34 TARGETS TO HELP CURB THE ERODING INVENTORY OF BQM-74 TARGETS, AND TO AVOID ANY GAPS IN SUPPORTING FUTURE EVENTS. ALL ACTIVITIES MUST ENSURE EACH TARGET EVENT IS REPORTED ACCURATELY IAW ESTABLISHED TARGET REPORTING REQUIREMENTS REF (A). MONTHLY TARGET EXPENDITURE STATUS REPORTS WILL BE FORWARDED TO ALL CLAIMANTS AND OPERATING ACTIVITIES TO PREVENT OVER-EXPENDITURES WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL BY N433. THIS MESSAGE SERVES AS AUTHORITY FOR TARGET PROGRAM MANAGERS TO MANAGE THEIR RESPECTIVE ALLOCATIONS.

4. THE FYXX TARGET ALLOCATIONS:

4A. FMS AERIAL TARGETS: (READ IN FIVE (5) COLUMNS)

TARGET	CPF	USFF	NAVSEA	NAVAIR
BQM-34				
BQM-74				
GQM-163				
AQM-37				

Note 3: GQM-163 SUPPORTING FMS CUSTOMERS ALLOCATED TO NAVAIR AND MANAGED BY PMA-208 FMS CASE MANAGERS. PRIOR TO ANY TARGET BUILDUP SUPPORTING GQM-163 OPERATIONS SUPPORTING FMS CUSTOMERS, THE RANGE OPERATING ACTIVITY SHALL VERIFY FMS FUNDING AVAILABILITY THROUGH PMA-208.

5. HSMST TARGETS SHALL BE ALLOCATED ON A QUARTERLY BASIS VIA NAVAL MESSAGE FOR NAVSEA, COTF, AND NAVAIR. HSMST ALLOCATIONS SUPPORTING FLEET TRAINING (USFF, CPF) ARE FOR THE ENTIRE FY. HSMST ALLOCATIONS FOR NAVSEA, COTF, AND NAVAIR WILL BE VERIFIED BY N84 AND ALLOCATED AS INVENTORY PERMITS.

6. TARGET ALLOCATIONS TO SUPPORT URGENT OPERATIONAL NEEDS (UON) AND QUICK REACTION ASSESSMENTS (QRA) SHALL BE THE SAME AS ORIGINALLY ALLOCATED TO THE FOLLOWING:

SEABORNE TARGET ALLOCATIONS (READ IN FOUR (4) COLUMNS)

TARGET	PC GRIFFIN	UGR	ALAMO
HSMST			
LCTT			
ISTT			
LCMT			

7. ALL TARGET AUXILIARY AND AUGMENTATION SYSTEMS (TAAS) INSTALLED ON AERIAL/SEABORNE TARGETS SHALL BE REPORTED IN AWIS/STAIRS AND ANNOTATED WHEN EXPENDED. ANY TAAS INSTALLED ON OTHER THAN NAVY PROGRAM OF RECORD TARGETS SHALL BE FUNDED TO BE REPLACED IF DESTROYED, OR FUNDED TO RETURN THE ITEMS TO READY FOR ISSUE (RFI) STATUS BY THE PROGRAM USING THESE TAAS ITEMS.

8. IF THE CUSTOMER REQUESTS AN/DSQ-50 FOR A FIRING EVENT IN WHICH THE TARGET IS EITHER INTENDED TO BE DESTROYED OR PUT AT RISK OF BEING UNRECOVERABLE, ALL COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH RETUNING THE DSQ-50 TO INVENTORY WILL BE BORNE BY THAT CUSTOMER.

9. USFF ALLOCATED TARGETS SHALL BE SUB-ALLOCATED TO CPF, CNAF AND CNSF TO SUPPORT TRAINING QUALIFICATIONS AND PRE-DEPLOYMENT CTF20/C3F TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.

10. CPF ALLOCATIONS FULFILL FMFPAC AND FDNF REQUIREMENTS AND C3F, C7F INTERNATIONAL TRAINING EXERCISES.

11. CNAF AIR-TO-AIR TRAINING EVENTS WILL USE RF/IR TOWED DECOYS BEHIND A BQM-74/34 TRACTOR TO INCREASE BQM-74 SURVIVABILITY. CNAF WILL MANAGE MARFORCOM TRAINING REQUESTS FOR TARGETS.

12. ALL FMS/INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM TARGET ALLOCATIONS REQUIRE COORDINATION AND REIMBURSEMENT THROUGH PMA-208 FOR AERIAL TARGETS AND PMS-325 FOR SEABORNE TARGETS. VALIDATION OF REIMBURSABLE FUNDING IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO SUPPORT OF ALL TARGET PRESENTATIONS AND/OR FIRING EVENTS. CUSTOMER COUNTRY MUST BE INFORMED OF THE REQUIREMENT TO REIMBURSE TARGETS CLASSIFIED AS AN OPERATIONAL LOSS. UNTIL REF (A) IS SUPERSEDED, AN OPERATION

IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE COMMENCED AFTER THE TARGET ARRIVES AT THE PRE-PLANNED LOCATION (INITIAL POINT - IP) AND TIME. TARGETS LOST SUBSEQUENT TO DEPARTURE FROM IP WILL BE CHARGED TO THE CUSTOMER AS AN OPERATIONAL LOSS. EXTERNAL INFLUENCES SUCH AS WEATHER OR CUSTOMER WEAPON SYSTEM FAILURE THAT RESULTS IN THE LOSS OF A TARGET WILL BE CHARGED AS AN OPERATIONAL LOSS. ADDITIONALLY, CUSTOMERS ASSUME ALL RISK ASSOCIATED WITH POST-LAUNCH CHANGES TO TARGET SUPPORT SCENARIOS. COST DATA FOR TARGET REIMBURSEMENTS SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE RESPECTIVE TARGET PROGRAM MANAGER.

13. THIS MESSAGE AUTHORIZES TARGET SUPPORT FOR DETECTION AND TRACKING EXERCISES WITHOUT THE NEED FOR AN ALLOCATION WITH THE EXCEPTION OF FMS CUSTOMERS. ALL USERS ARE EXPECTED TO FUND INCURRED CHARGES FOR CONSUMED NCEA, TARGET PREPARATION/BUILDUP AND RANGE/OPERATIONAL COSTS INCLUDING TARGET RECOVERY. FAILURE TO PROVIDE RECOVERY ASSETS OR SUPPORT/ASSIST WITH TARGET RECOVERY EFFORTS WILL RESULT IN THE RESPECTIVE CLAIMANT BEING CHARGED WITH AN ALLOCATION (OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE).

14. THE MOVING LAND TARGET (MLT) IS AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS A TRAINING ASSET ONLY. UFN MLT EXPENDITURES IN SUPPORT OF TRAINING REQUIREMENTS WILL BE MANAGED AT THE DISCRETION OF RANGE MANAGERS. NOTE: DUE TO FISCAL CONSTRAINTS, MLT INVENTORY LEVELS WILL NOT BE REPLACED TO SUPPORT AGGRESSIVE EXPENITURE RATES. REQUESTS FOR MLT EXPENDITURES IN SUPPORT OF TEST AND EVALUATION CUSTOMERS MUST BE AUTHORIZED BY N433 IN COORDINATION WITH PMA-208 AND N84.

15. TARGET COORDINATION POCS:

15A. EAST COAST: 301-342-1309.

15B. WEST COAST (SCORE): 619-545-8524.

15C. WEST COAST (NAWCWD PT MUGU): 805-989-5902.

15D. CPF/PMRF: 808-474-6375.

16. TARGET CONFERENCE PLANNING INFO:

16A. THE AERIAL / SEABORNE TARGET REQUIRMENTS ADVISORY GROUP COVERING AERIAL AND SEABORNE TARGET TYPES LED BY PMA-208 AND PMS-325 RESPECTIVELY WILL BE CONDUCTED AT PT MUGU IN SPRING SUMMER TIME FRAME.

16B. THE UNDERWATER TARGET REQUIREMENT ADVISORY GROUP WILL BE LED BY PMS-404, TIME/LOCATION TBD.

16C. THE OPNAV-LED TARGET STAKEHOLDER REVIEW WILL BE HELD AT PAX RIVER IN LATE SUMMER-FALL TIME FRAME.

16D. OPNAV SUPPORTS THE CREATION OF A MINE TARGET REQUIREMENT USERS CONFERENCE, LEAD AGENT TBD.

17. RELEASED BY CAPT W.J. Crunch, OPNAV N433.